Interreg Europe project BioGov IMPROVING BIODIVERSITY GOVERNANCE

policy event - 17/11/2021

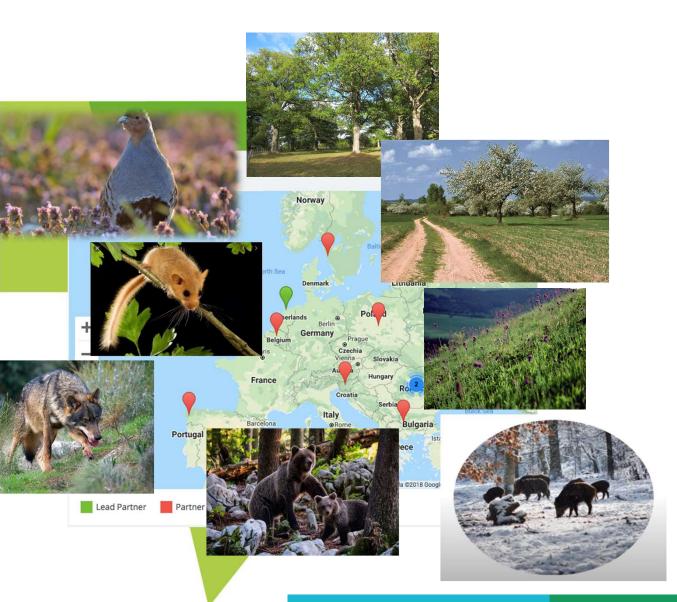
VLM.be



European Union European Regional Development Fund



VLAAMSE LAND MAATSCHAPPIJ





8 Regional Stakeholder Groups work with **Multistakeholder Partnership (MSP) principles**

- 1. Embrace systemic change
- 2. Transform institutions
- 3. Work with power
- 4. Deal with conflict
- 5. Communicate effectively
- 6. Promote collaborative leadership
- 7. Foster participatory learning

towards broad stakeholder support for regional policies through

- Action Plans (July 2018 Oct 2020)
- Implementation of Action Plans (November 2020-May 2022)



ropean Region

Multistakeholder collaboration strengthens both green infrastructure and multifunctional landscapes



The Valle area





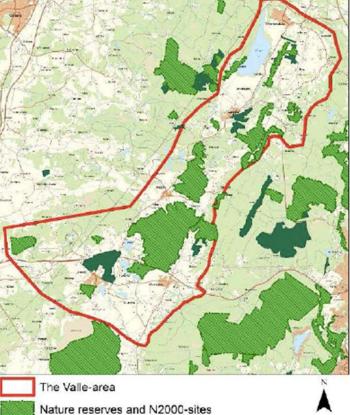


Vallebygden





The Valle-area Nature reserves and N2000-sites Planned nature reserves



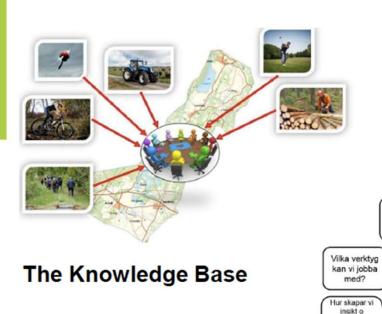
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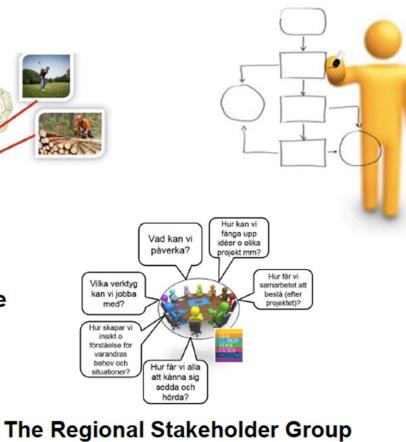




The starting point

The Working Approach

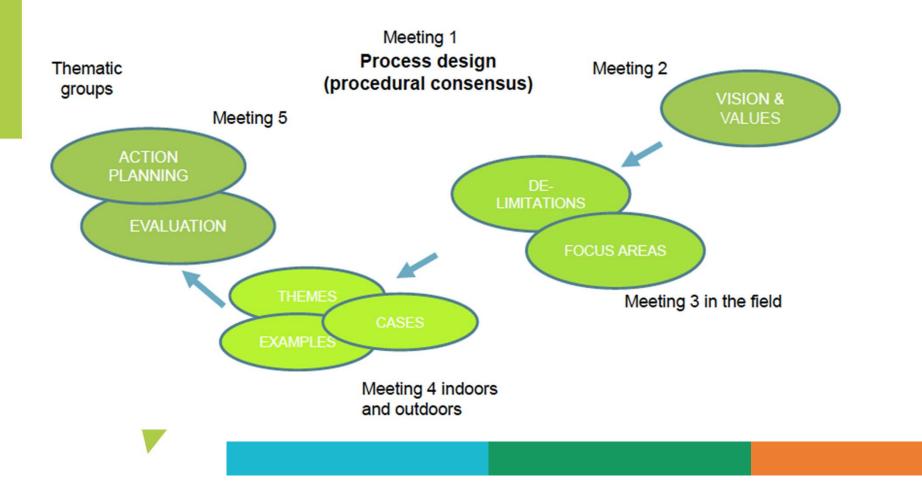








Overall process design





SLU

The SWOT-analysis

<u>Purpose</u>: "Review RSG dynamics to implement Action Plan in Phase 2, by means of drafting and discussing a SWOT analysis of the RSG on the basis of the 7 MSP principles."

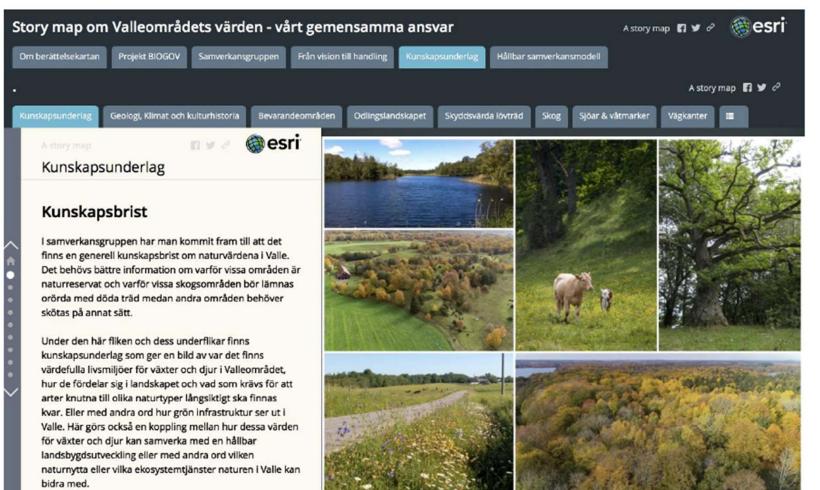
SWOT analysis of RSG

- 1. Rich pictures and adaptive decision making
- 2. Inter-organisational and -sectorial collaboration
- 3. Analysis of power both on micro- and macro-level in survey and in dialogue
- 4. Identifying conflict areas
- 5. Focus on creating a safe environment for constructive dialogue
- 6. Learning by doing, establishing principles of collaborative leadership, increasing trust of authorities
- 7. Mixed methods for learning

"We want to develop a sustainable model of collaboration, joint working method, among a great deal of stakeholders to achieve a more holistic approach of the challenges concerning sustainable landuse"



StoryMap – a platform for communication





Action Plan Sweden

- 1. Report to SEPA on the model of cooperation
- 2. Further develop the sustainable model of cooperation
- 3. An interactive Story Map
- 4. Biking & hiking trails -Outdoor life
- Preserve natural grasslands by adding farmers perspectives
- Holistic management plan for nature reserves within Green Infrastructure
- Plan for management of public roadsides



BIOGOV LODZKIE, POLAND

- 1. Policy improvement for biodiversity protection
- 2. Define and implement good practices of biodiversity protection
- 3. Protect traditional fruit trees

4. Create new tourist products based on traditional fruit trees





Action Plan Poland

- Include provisions for landscape and biodiversity in Lodzkie Region Strategy 2030
- 2. Include provisions in the Landscape Audit that traditional orchards are important
- Landscape Parks as a regional information centre on traditional orchards
- 4. Preserve traditional orchards
- 5. Create fruit trees in line and field woods



BIOGOV SLOVENIA

1. Improve governance and planning of the use of forest resources, a.o. in ERDF Operational Programme

2. Use Multistakeholder Partnership approach to improve biodiversity conservation in forest management

3. Improve national policy documents on biodiversity.

4. Increase species diversity



Action Plan Slovenia

- Strengthen the institutional and personnel capacity of *participatory planning* for biodiversity in forest management
- 2. Strengthen the role of biodiversity in the forest management areas
- Setting up recreational paths separate from zones rich in biodiversity
- Promote participatory approaches in future forest management practices for conservation of biodiversity





Action Plan Galicia (ES)

- Develop and implement a territorial model of a "green infrastructure" with increased connectivity to protect against forest fires for ERDF Operational Program
- 2. Identify areas of *high environmental value* with stakeholders where to implement measures against biodiversity loss
- Raise awareness among youth about local traditional wisdom in the fight against biodiversity loss





Action Plan Blagoevgrad (BG)

- 1. RSG to become member of
- Thematic Working Group for the development of Operating Programme "Environment" 2021-2027
- RSG to become member of National Consultative Committee for the Natura 2000 Network
 - Develop criteria for environmental excellence for businesses operating in protected areas
- Awareness campaign on environmentally friendly business activities in protected areas



Recommendations

Biodiversity

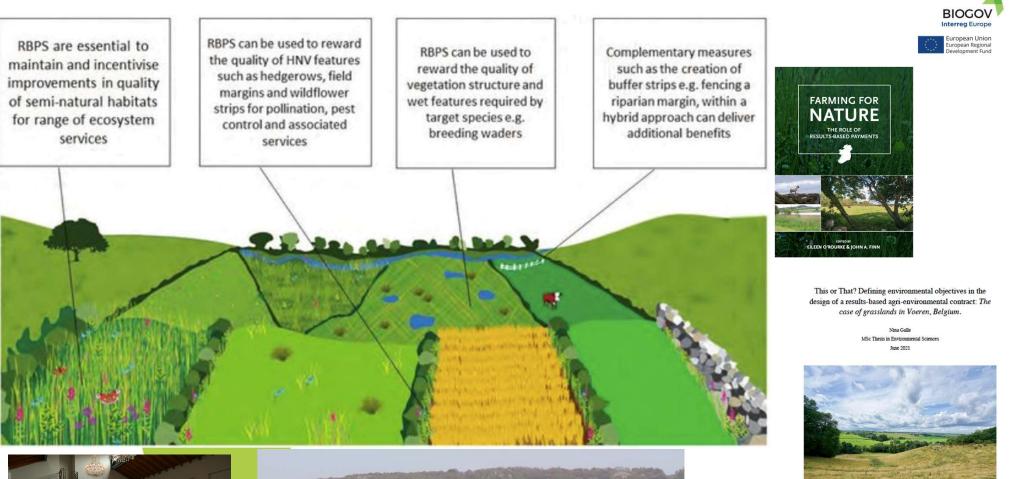
Win-Win

and Stakeholder

- To make biodiversity conservation and green infrastructure work at regional and local level, coordinated efforts between different policy areas are needed on national and EU level.
- 2. Stronger EU and Member state assignments for authorities and government agencies to integrate biodiversity, green infrastructure and ecosystem services in their economic assessments and decisions.
- 3. Successful participatory planning requires both institutional and human resources to **enable stakeholders improve their knowledge and skills of participatory approaches**



BIOGO









upervised by dr.ir Lenny van Busse ourse code: ESA-80436

n University and Re





Recommendation

4. More European, national and regional policy organisations can **embrace Results-Based Schemes**, since it is yields biodiversity and ecosystem services goals while stakeholders are more responsible and engaged in the governance.











Recommendation

5. To achieve the EU Biodiversity 2030 targets, regional policy organisations need to invest in **trustworthy, independent, non-commercial landscape facilitators**, who coordinate among stakeholders, build dialogue, provide interrelated expert knowledge and can act as 'Green Deal' coaches.



Ecological connectivity on different scales

Action Plan Romania

Proposal for National Legislative Package on ecological corridors







Recommendation

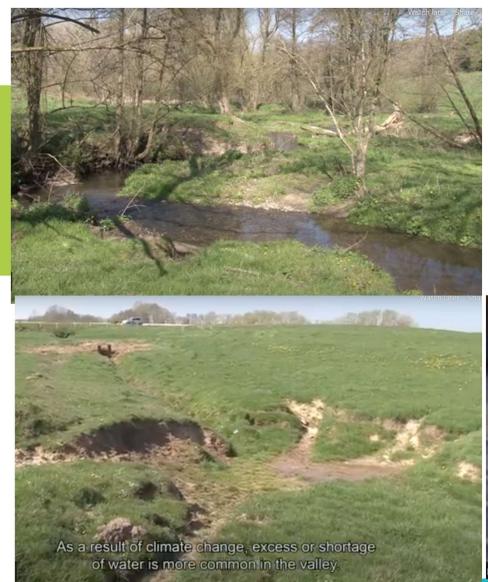
6. Science needs to work with policy in order to materialise the ecological corridors into spatial planning especially if clear methodologies and guidelines on official designation are absent.

International/ transboundary action plans can help to reflect the agreed objectives and steps





Multisectoral funding



'Compensation for Services'



A tailormade area-specific stewardship scheme in **Flanders**, with an annual compensation to land users

Grasslands as example of multisectoral funding = different ecosystem services) <- different policy goals & instruments:

Landscape – heritage, tourism & recreationBiodiversityErosion controlCarbon storageWater retentionNature-inclusive agriculture





Recommendations

7. All member states to programme funding in the Prioritized Action Framework for N2000 on **bufferzones and multistakeholder partnerships.**

8. There should be more room and flexibility within EU legislation and funding schemes to combine different funding programmes





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